# Geospatial Information Management: The Integrated Geospatial Information Framework Land Administration

UN-GGIM ASIA PACIFIC 3 NOVEMBER, 2019



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#### Relevance of Geospatial Technology and Information

#### From Global....

Sustainable Development Goals rely on geospatial technology to achieve the targets and use location as an information integrator



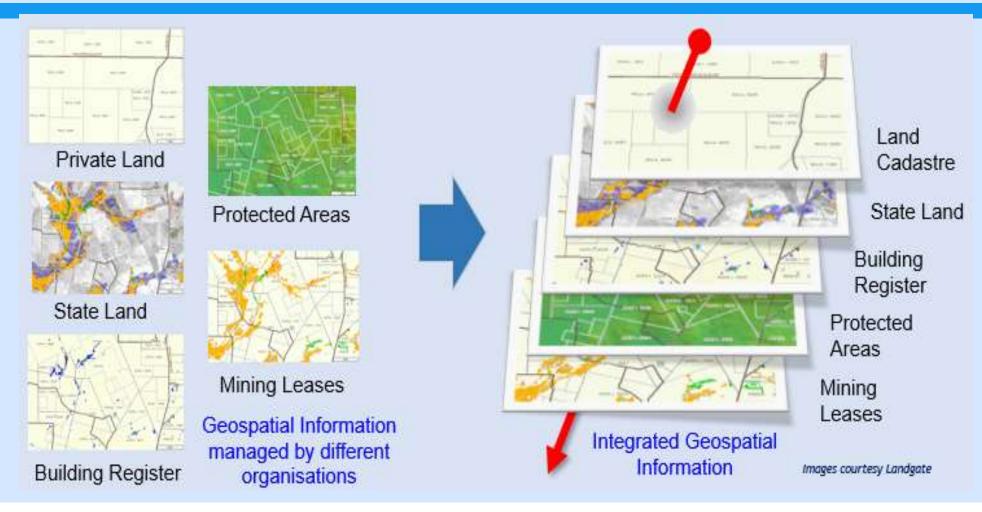


#### To National/Local....

4<sup>th</sup> Industrial Revolution
Smart and Resilient Cities
E-Government
Precision Agriculture...
Require accurate and current geospatial data



#### Location as an Information Integrator



#### Geospatial Data Infrastructure: Importance of Investment



**Energy** 

Significant financing is needed for SDI globally:

Mapping agencies must convice decision makers to invest in SDI and <u>more evidence</u> is needed



Data require a new infrastructure: National Information Infrastructure and Spatial Data Infrastructure (SDI)



#### IGIF: Why is a Global Framework needed?

- Economies are changing....
  - E-government, E-services, E-commerce
  - · Smart Cities, autonomous vehicles, Grab
  - · Climate Change, Disaster Risk Management
- Most of these functions/applications require location based information
- There is big divide between developing and developed countries
- Governments have enabling role for the development of Geospatial Infrastructure at the National and Local levels
- Current investment in geospatial data and systems is often siloed, duplicative and inefficient





#### Strategic Partnership: World Bank- United Nations

#### Committee of Experts on Global Geospatial Information Management (UN-GGIM)



"Bridging the Geospatial Digital Divide" Signed August 2017

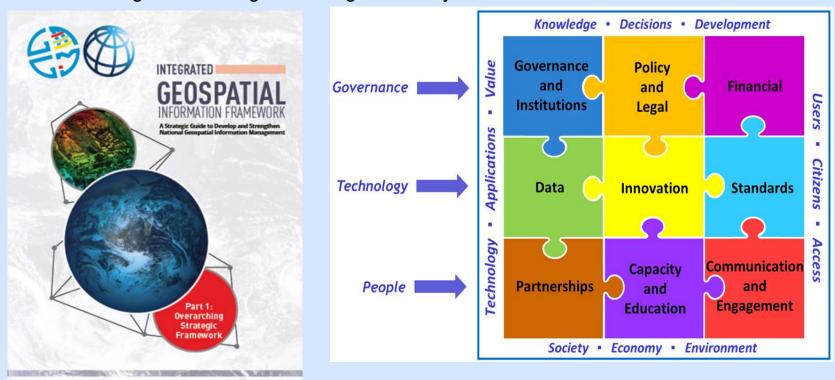
The aim is to:

- 1. Develop an **overarching Geospatial Framework** for countries to reference when developing their national and sub-national spatial data infrastructures (SDIs).
- 2. Assist countries to prepare and implement **Country-level Action Plans** to operationalize the Geospatial Framework, with a particular focus on *low and middle income countries*



#### Integrated Geospatial Information Framework (IGIF)

The IGIF was **adopted by member states in August 2018.** It provides a holistic view of geospatial information management through 9 Strategic Pathways.



http://ggim.un.org/meetings/GGIM-committee/8th-Session/documents/



#### Structure of the IGIF: 3 interlinked parts



nformation Framework **Overarching Strategic Framework** 

High level document for decision makers

Why?

Part 1

V National Implementation Guide **Implementation** Guide

**Guidance for Implementers** 

What?

Part 2

National (or sub-national) Action Plans/Delivery System

Country-level **Action Plans** 

**Tools and Templates** for Implementation

How, when, who?

Part 3

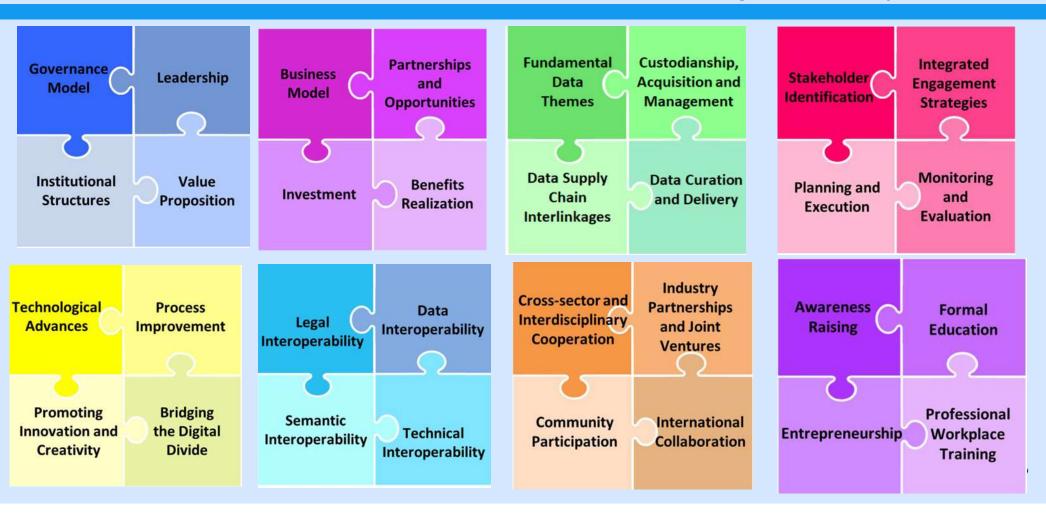
Adopted by UNGGIM August 2018

Consultation on first draft began at World Bank in March 2019, consultations to conclude end 2019; adoption by UNGGIM in 2020

World Bank team developed toolkit and conducted pilots in FY19; scale up in FY20



#### IGIF Implementation Guide: Details for each Strategic Pathway



# Country Level Implementation World Bank Global Geospatial/Land Team Approach with UN-FAO and other partners



#### **IGIF** Country Level Implementation Methodology

#### 1. Diagnostic/Country report

#### 2. Business case

- Alignment to Policy/ Business Drivers
- Socio-Econ analysis

#### 3. Action and Investment Plan





#### Diagnostic: Baseline Assessment

	1. Governance and Institutions			
1.1	Is there a NSDI "champion" in Government?			
1.2	Is there a NSDI Coordinating body?			
1.3	Is the NSDI Coordinating body represented at senior / top level in government?			
1.4	Is the coordinating body supported by an active secretariat?			
1.5	Are there clear Terms of Reference (ToR) for the Coordinating Body?			
1.6	Does the coordinating body actively reach out to all levels of government (including local government) and other			
1.7	Are there Working Groups supporting SDI development? e.g. technical, standards, legal, service development)?			
1.8	Is there a user group / forum available for consultation and providing user feedback / requests?			
1.9	Does the national "champion" actively interact with the global and regional geospatial community?		25	
1.10	re there linkages between the coodinating body and those developing the e-Government agenda?		50	
		Pathway Score	40	

#### Overall country score

	Current Status
Governance	40
Policy	40
inancial	21
Data	53
nnovation	35
Standards	33
artnerships	30
Capacity	19
Communication	16
Overall Score	32







## INTEGRATED GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION FRAMEWORK

DIAGNOSTIC

#### **NATIONAL REPORT - VIETNAM**

(DRAFT- March 2019)



#### Strategic Alignment to Government Policy: Key for High Level Support



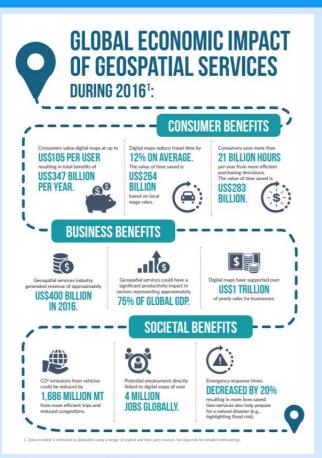
Vietnam eGov Policy

Geospatial (NSDI) is an integrator for the key registers

Cadastre is 1 of 6 key registers



#### Socio-Economic Benefits Analysis: The Value of Geospatial Information and Investment



Studies which calculate the value of geospatial information and investment show significant benefits but are **mostly from developed countries** 

The World Bank team has focused on the value of geospatial information management in low/middle income countries:

 Prepared socio-economic benefits analyses and Rol calculation for Action Plans in Albania, Guyana, and the Municipality of Tirana, Albania; analysis is underway in Mongolia and Vietnam;

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#### **Action Plan: Priority Interventions and Investments**

#### **Example from Colombia IGIF Action Plan**

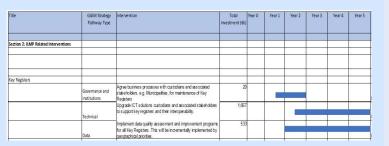
Task Type			Financial		Time Frame							
Ref		IGIF Pathway	Priority	Description	Total Investment (US\$)	Capital or Recurrent	Funding Source	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
		Financial										
3.1	Create an NSDI Business Model	V	Med		35,000	С	WB					
4.1	Create inventory of existing data	Data	High	See also overlap with 6.3	30,000	С	WB			6	k a	
4.2	Train and Guide data owners to complete metadata	8	High		50,000	С	Gov					
4.3	Define fundamental dataset & custodians		High	Consultancy advised	50,000	С	Gov					
4.4	Invest in data themes, prioritised to demand		High	Depending on theme and de	mand		2016-000-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0					
	Cadastral Parcels - MPC	6 St	High	MPC Subcomponent 3.2	19,500,00	С	WB					
255	Functional Areas	So .	High	Consultancy advised	500,000	C and R						
	BaseMap		High	Consultancy advised	500,000	C and R						
	Address Database		Med	Consultancy advised	500,000	C and R				40 ·		
	Security / Safety	5 5	High	Consultancy advised	50,000	C and R						
4.5	Create digital archive of historical data and imagery		Low	Could be a PPP	500,000	C and R	S					
	AMD TW	Innovation										
5.1	Ensure real time GNSS corrections are available		High	System testing	20,000	С						
5.2	Evaluate imagery for updated topographic base map	s	High		20,000	С						
5.3	Develop a Geospatial Centre of Excellence (CoE)	So	Med	Assumes Head, 2 x trainers	250,000	C and R	100					
5.4	Assess Geospatial Innovation start-up scheme		Med		20,000	С						
5.5	Improve access to key registers	Demonstrator	Med		50,000	С						



#### **Action Plan Facilitates Parallel or Co-financing opportunities**

#### Albania example: Integrated Land Management Program and Investment Plan: adopted by Prime Minsters Office

Socio-economic Impact Assessment



Business Benefits
New products and services
Additional Jobs
Growth of the land market
Stimulates Tourism
Agricultural Productivity
Consumer Benefits
Fuel efficiency
Travel time savings
Environmental/Social Benefits
Improved Social Cohesion
Reduced Air and Noise Pollution

Public Sector

Meet European Union Accession req.
Reduced costs from Geospatial Data Sharing
Enhance National Key Registers
Reduced Land-related Court Cases
Increased Income from Taxation
Additional Land Value Capture
More Responsive Master Planning
Faster Emergency Response

Return on Investment (RoI) 3:1

Financial Model: project life cycle of 12 years

- > 5 year implementation + 7 year use
- Based on 12% discount rate

	Activity	Costs (€M)
1.	National Land Policy & Property Rights Strategy	0.6
2.	Revise Geospatial Information Strategy & Geodetic Infrastructure	1.1
3.	Land Market	
3.1	Establish National Cadastral Authority	12.0
3.2	National Cadastral Authority ICT Infrastructure	4.4
3.3	National Cadastral Authority First Registration Completion & Data Quality Improvement	47.4
3.4	Establish Key Registers (excluding cadastral parcels)	28.4
3.5	Other Land Market Interventions	16.7
4.	Tourism	2.3
5.	State Land Management	8.3
6.	Agriculture (complete land allocation and registration)	4.4
	TOTAL COSTS	€123.90

#### Multi-Donor Investment based on Action Plan:

- Albania Government: € 6 million agency annual revenue
- Norwegian Government: € 3 million for geospatial agency
- Swedish Government: € 2 million for valuation
- European Union: € 15 million for new cadastral mapping
- World Bank: ?? for capital investments (under discussion)



#### World Bank-Korean Government Partnership for Geospatial Information Management

#### IGIF eLearning Program: end 2019



#### Face to Face Learning

- Support to 6 countries and WB Task Teams
  - Linked to lending operations for financing and capacity building





# **Evolving Role of Land Administration**



# Guiding principles: Voluntary Guidelines (VGGT) on the Responsible Governance of Tenure of Land, Fisheries and Forests

Guiding principles of responsible tenure: legal recognition, allocation and transfer of tenure rights and responsibilities.

Implementation encouraged:

G8, G20, Rio+20, UN General Assembly, World Bank

Major Civil Society activities on governance of tenure:

Oxfam 'Behind the Brands'

High profile private sector endorsements:

CocaCola Corp; PepsiCo

Responsible Governance of Tenure

OF LAND, FISHERIES AND FORESTS IN THE CONTEXT OF NATIONAL FOOD SECURITY

#### Implementation: Fit-For-Purpose Land Administration

- Approx. 75 percent of the world's population do not have access to formal systems to register and safeguard their land rights.
- Foreign investors through large scale land acquisitions have attained more than 30 million hectares of land in largely poor and middle-income countries since 2000.

### A fit-for-purpose approach includes the following elements:

- Flexible
- Inclusive
- Participatory
- Affordable
- Reliable
- Attainable
- Upgradeable



JOINT FIG / WORLD BANK PUBLICATION

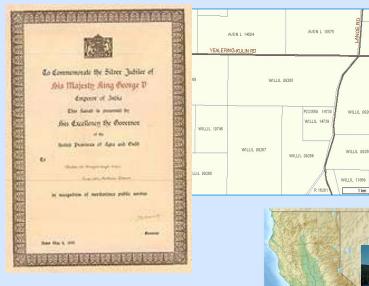
#### Land Administration is the Foundation for Geospatial Information Management

What is our storyline?

Where is the evidence?



#### **Traditional Uses of Geospatial Information**



**Land Administration** 



**Forestry Management** 







#### Geospatial Information today can be used for so much more.....



**Smart Cities** 



#### Paradigm Shift

# Flat maps Control point Boundary point Boundary point A PRICE A PR



Real Time Integrated Information: Digital Twin

#### Storyline: Cadastre/Land Registry is Basis for 4th Industrial Revolution Applications

#### Seoul Smart City: 5G launched and 50,000 loT Sensors Installed to Collect Urban Data



"Digital cadastre is the basis for Smart City development..." quote from Seoul City Gov't official





#### IGIF: Communications, Engagement and Partnerships

Partnerships and Engagement

"New OneMap is the **authoritative national map of Singapore** with the most detailed and timely updated information developed by the **Singapore Land Authority.** 

www.onemap.sg









































#### **Evidence: Socio-Economic Benefits and Impact Assessment**



#### **Business Benefits**

New products and services

**Additional Jobs** 

Growth of the land market

Stimulates Tourism

**Agricultural Productivity** 

#### **Environmental/Social Benefits**

Improved Social Cohesion-Reduced Land-related Court Cases

#### **Consumer Benefits**

Fuel efficiency

Travel time savings

#### **Public Sector**

- Reduced Geo Data Sharing costs
- Enhance National Key Registers
- Increased Income from Taxation
- Additional Land Value Capture
- More Responsive Master Planning
- Faster Emergency Response



Land Administration is the Foundation for Geospatial Information Management

## What is our storyline? Where is the evidence?

Your Input is Needed!



