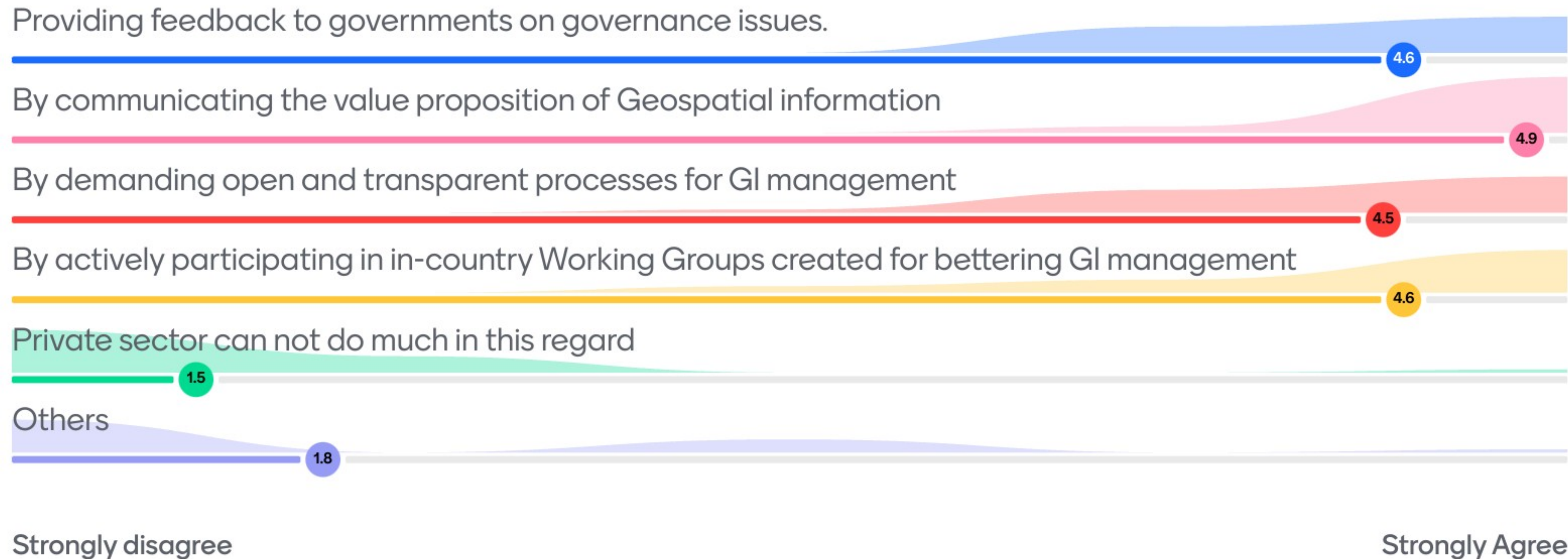


Asia Pacific Region



Consultation on the Role of the Private Sector in
Strengthening the United Nations Integrated Geospatial
Information Framework (IGIF) Implementation

1. How can the private sector contribute to governance and institutional arrangements in strengthening IGIF implementation?



If you selected the 'Others' option in the previous question, please provide more details.

Other than private sectors, academicians also to be included as an input to GGIM agenda.

The private sector can present to the govt. a viable, efficient and sustainable tech solution around the data creation, currency/management, storage and easy access to all stakeholders

Private sector can help provide financial support to government by assisting in monetising data.

Carrying out workshops identifying issues faced and probable solutions to address it.

GI Private sector can be backbone to government policies in implementing SDGs

Private companies can also offer training programs and workshops for government officials and stakeholders on using geospatial technologies for UN-IGIF implementation.

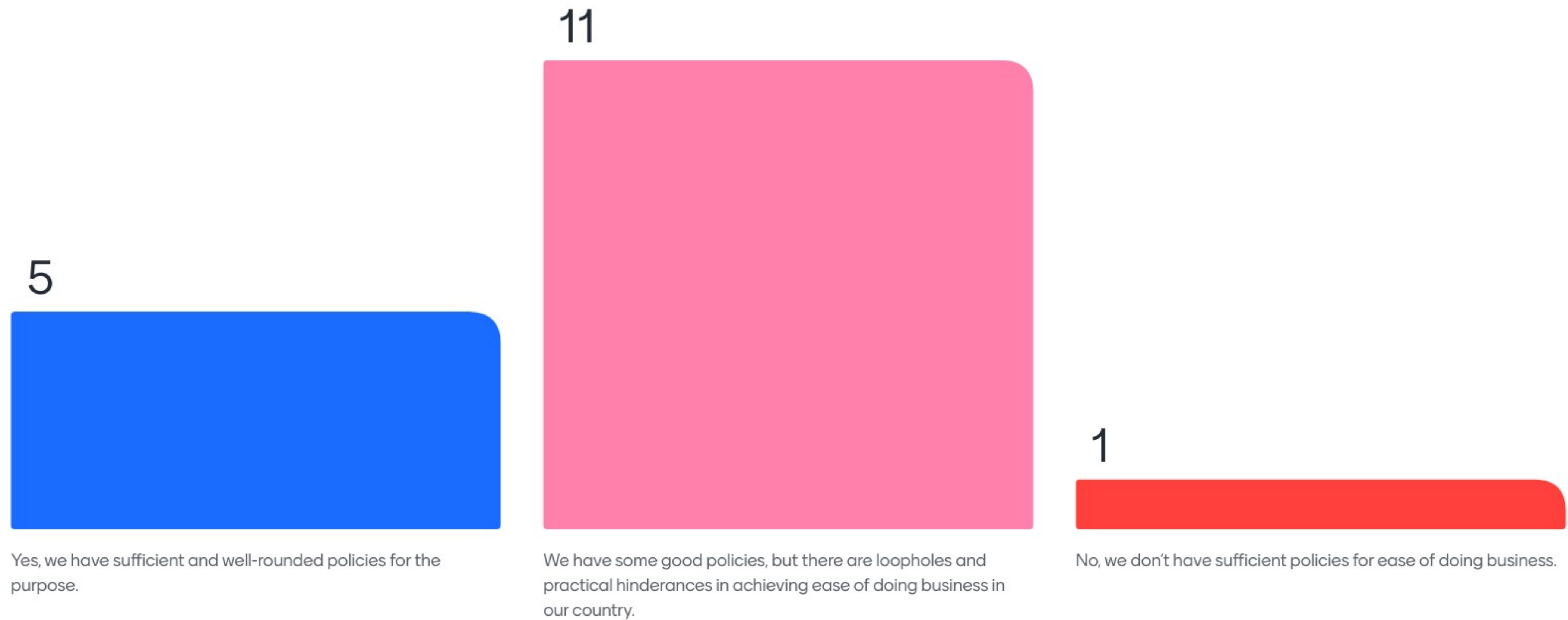
Private sector can also help establish data standards and best practices for geospatial information management within the UN-IGIF framework.

Sharing best practices and success stories from private sector applications of geospatial technologies in one region or country can inform UN-IGIF development in another.

If you selected the 'Others' option in the previous question, please provide more details.

By offering training programs and workshops for government officials and stakeholders on using geospatial technologies.

2. Do policies in your country support ease of doing business for the geospatial sector?



3. What kinds of policies are required to enhance the role of the Private sector in achieving the goals of the IGIF?

Geospatial Policies and Governance shall be governed by the highest authority in the country such as the royal commission or under the president/prime minister department.

The policy which is already in place in India accentuates the value of spatial data sharing and consumption by all in orchestrated manner to induce network effect.

Clear policies that strongly endorse, enforce and encourage participation in the development of international standards

Open Tendering Framework

Outreach programmes such as the establishment of national geospatial offices which include a private sector component to encourage collaboration and engagement

NA

NA

Policy specific for India area is newly launched so it needs more clarity how private sectors can contribute and moreClear information on budgets and schemes willHelp

3. What kinds of policies are required to enhance the role of the Private sector in achieving the goals of the IGIF?

Clear policies -maybe not comprehensive but for sure - transparent and visionary.

Ease of sharing data, resolution data access

NA

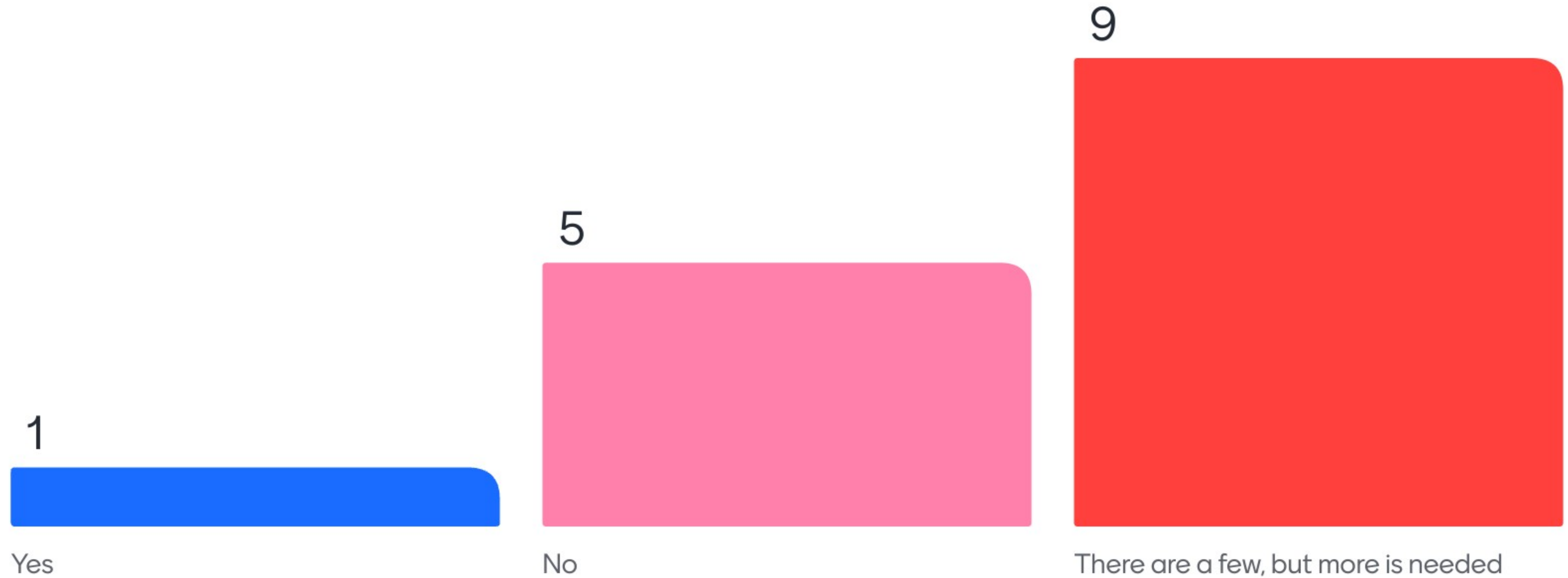
Policies that promote open data initiatives and encourage government agencies to share geospatial data with the private sector in a standardized and accessible format.

Monetising government data

1. Engagement Policy 2. Data Standard Policy 3. Infrastructure and Technology Policy4. Upskilling/ Innovation Policy7. Legal Policy across all

Policy for wider participation instead of handing over the policy making to any reluctant body.

4. Are there sufficient laws to promote shared funding or public-private partnerships of geospatial projects in your country?



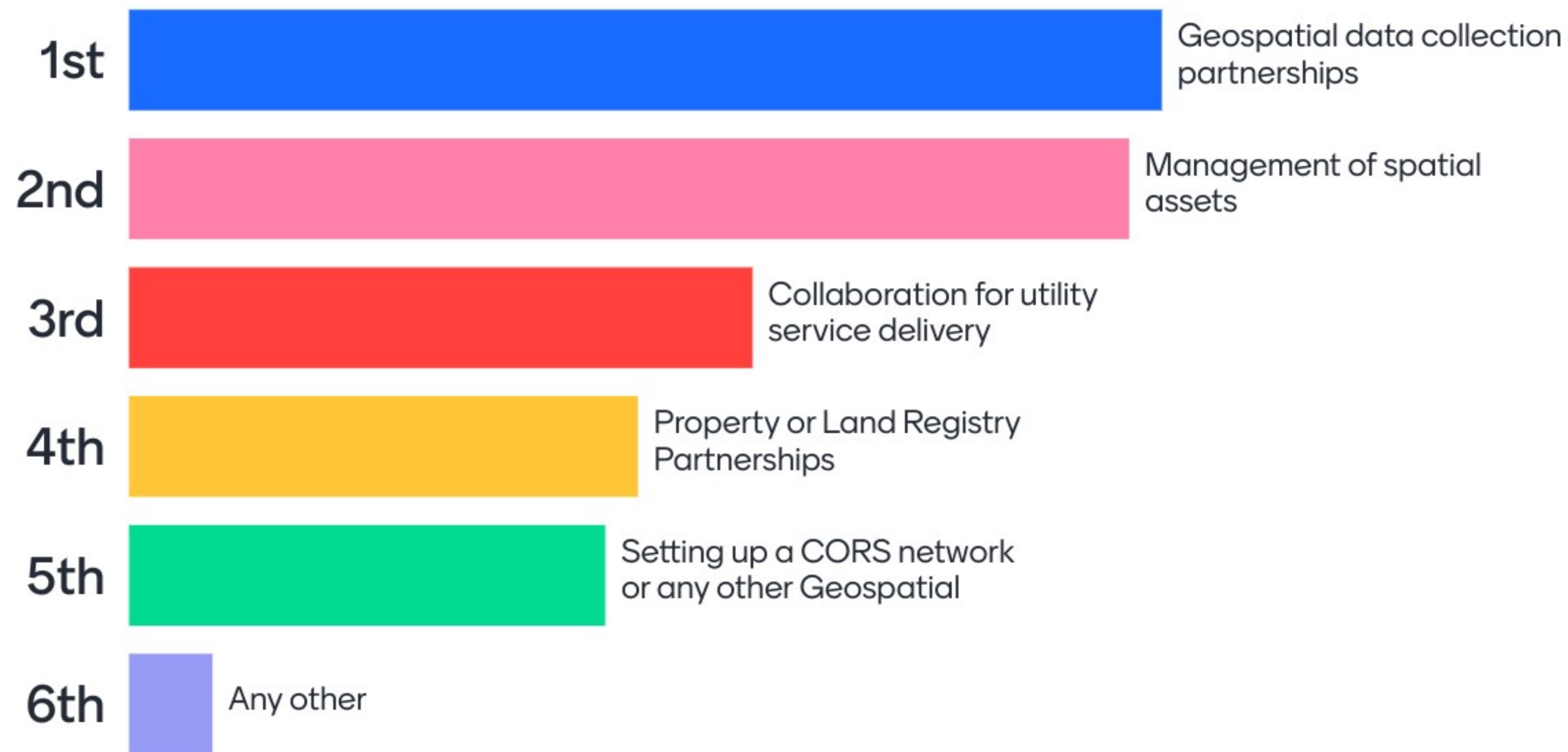
5. Chose the issue you foresee with a shared funding model for capturing/maintaining/disseminating foundational geospatial data in your country.



If you selected the 'Any Other' option in the previous question, please provide more details.



6. What PPP engagement model will you be most open to working on?



If you selected the 'Any Other' option in the previous question, please provide more details.

GIS Data Monetisation
Pipeline

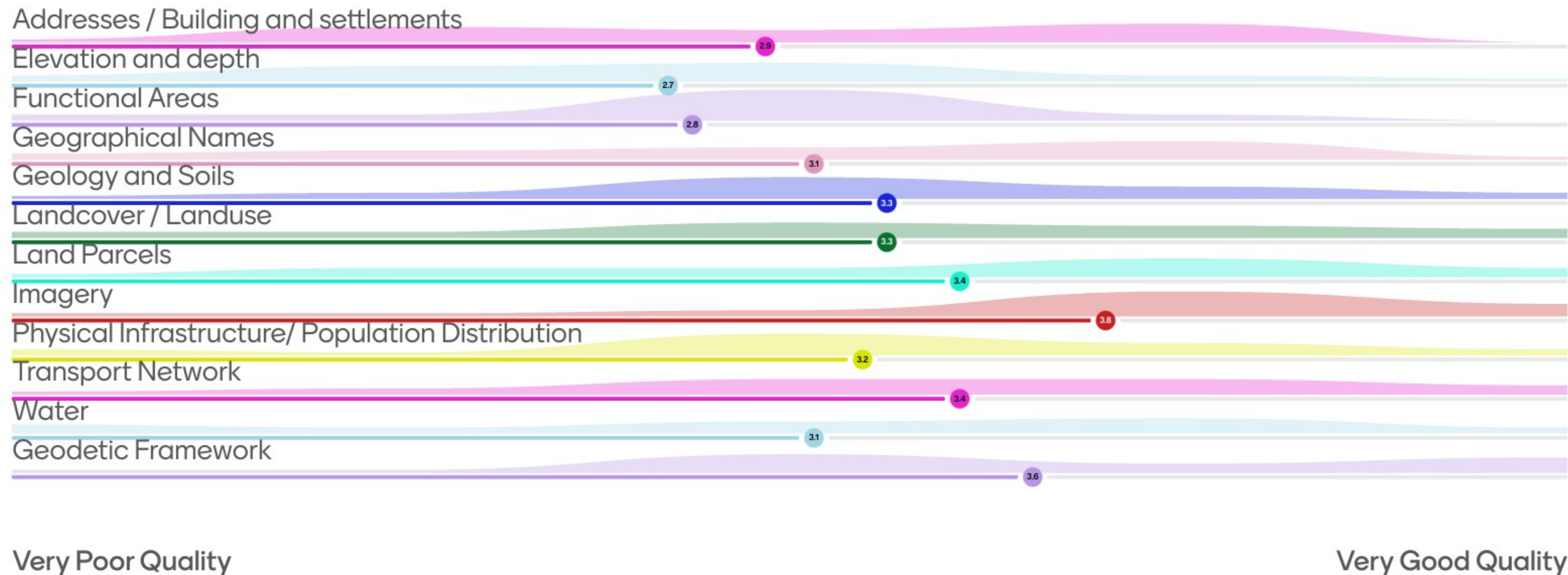
Development of DSS

7. In what way would your organization be willing to participate in the socio-economic impact assessment of investing in geospatial information?



If you selected the 'Any Other' option in the previous question, please provide more details.

8. Rate the level of data available in your country for the fundamental data themes.



9. What productivity improvement measures do you suggest for enhancing Geospatial information management for your national mapping agency?

Deployment of Dissemination platform for consumption of thematic data to all for variety of uses with exiting and available datasets with govt. private sector and acedemia

Publication and maintenance of standard data set practices

Move from Man- Days based Contracts to outcome based GIS Contracts

Land and sea data integration

Utilize automated data processing algorithms and workflows to streamline data validation, cleaning, and integration tasks, reducing manual effort

a. Automized Data Collection process b. Real time and transparentc. Mechanism to validate and approve the collected Datad. Data Validatione. Periodic updation

Upgrade geospatial data infrastructure, including hardware, software, and network systems, to improve data processing speed, storage capacity, and accessibility.

10. How would your company be willing to support the promotion of innovation in the Geospatial Sector in your country?



11. What initiatives are undertaken for Standards development in your country?



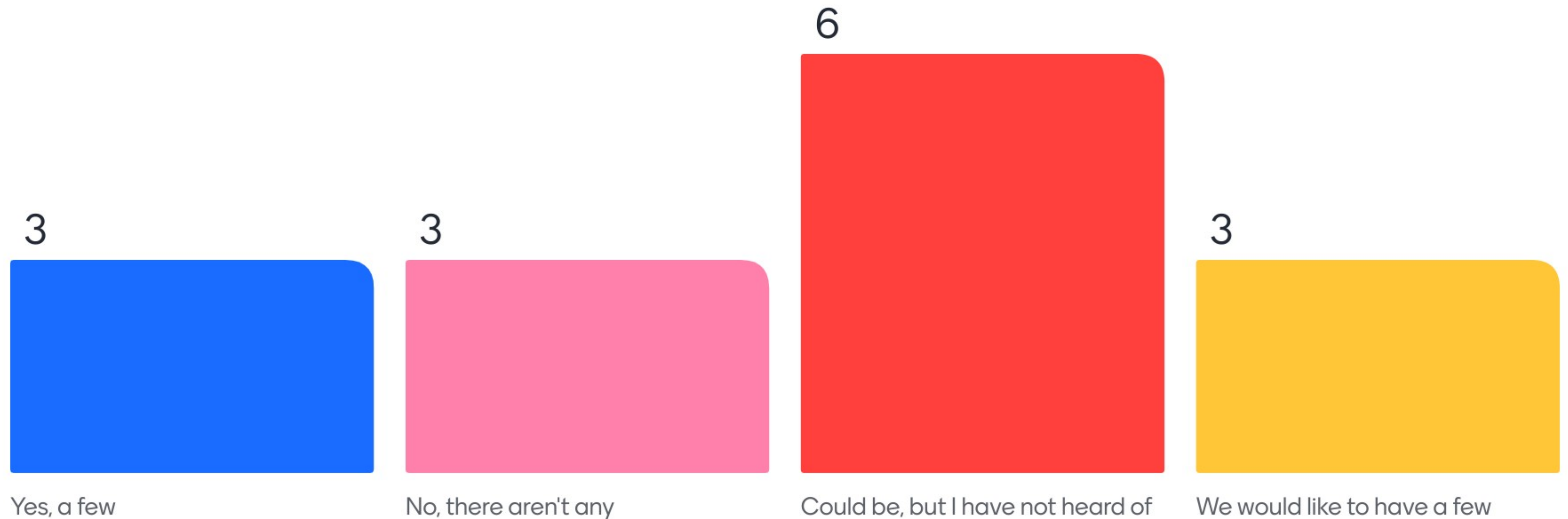
12. What forms of partnerships are common in the Geospatial information sector in your country?



If you selected the 'Other' option in the previous question, please provide more details.



14. Are there orientation/training programs on IGIF available in your country?



15. The private sector can support capacity-building initiatives in the following ways:

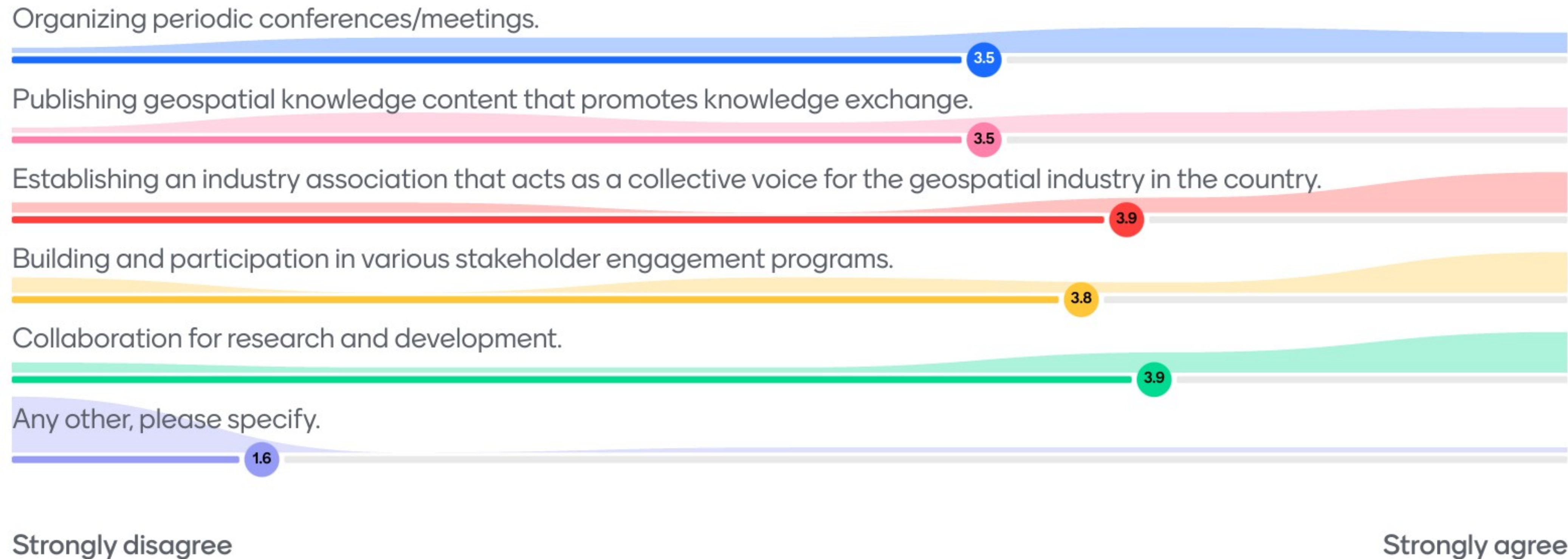


If you selected the 'Other' option in the previous question, please provide more details.

Educate stakeholders on
new business models

Involve rural youth in geospatial
data collection after an
orientation program to build their
skills. Also, students of rural
colleges may be given training
on geospatial

16. What efforts are taken for Geospatial advocacy to the users promoting geospatial information without a motive to sell a product or service?



If you selected the 'Other' option in the previous question, please provide more details.



**Thank you for your
participation.**



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